

Study Title

Short-Term Chronic Toxicity of Salinity
To the Mysid Shrimp (*Mysidopsis bahia*)
Under Static-Renewal Test Conditions

Performed For

Parsons Environment & Infrastructure Group
9101 Burnet Road, Suite 210
Austin, TX 78758

Project Officer

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Author

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Study Period

11 June 2021 to 21 June 2021

Performing Laboratory

STILLMEADOW
I N C O R P O R A T E D

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Certificate Number T104704352-20-13

Project Number

21-607-002

STATEMENT OF PROCEDURAL COMPLIANCE

I certify that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. The information contained herein is accurate and complete.



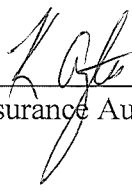
Janelle Mikulas, M.S.

23 Jun 21

Date

STATEMENT OF QUALITY ASSURANCE

The report and study data were audited to assure that the study was performed in accordance with STILLMEADOW, Inc. Standard Operating Procedures and regulatory guidelines. This report is an accurate reflection of the raw data.



Quality Assurance Auditor

23 Jun 21

Date

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Objective	The objective of this study was to determine the chronic toxicity of Salinity for Parsons Environment & Infrastructure Group to the Mysid shrimp, <i>Mysidopsis bahia</i> .			
Study Director	Janelle Mikulas, M.S.			
Test Type	7-Day Static Renewal Short Term Chronic Toxicity Test			
Test Method	United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA-821-R-02-014) (2002) Method 1007.0			
Test Dates (Times)	11 June 2021 (1110) to 18 June 2021 (0915)			
Test Substance	Salt			
Dilution Water	Synthetic Seawater			
Test Concentrations	Control (25 ppt), 30 ppt, 35 ppt, 40 ppt, 45 ppt			
Source of Organisms	STILLMEADOW, Inc. Culture Laboratory			
Age of Test Organisms	7 days			
Test Acceptability	Parameter		Test Data	EPA Criterion
	Survival	Control	95%	≥80%
		Control CV ¹	9.75%	≤40%
		Highest Salinity CV	9.75%	≤40%
	Growth	Control	0.44 mg	≥0.20 mg
		Control CV	15.22%	≤40%
		Highest Salinity CV	16.29%	≤40%
		PMSD ²	13.6	---
Test Results	Parameter		Critical Concentration	NOEC³ Test Solution
	Survival		Pass	45 ppt
	Growth		Pass	45 ppt

¹CV = Coefficient of Variation

²PMSD = Percent Minimum Significant Difference

³NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

INTRODUCTION

The objective of this study was to determine the chronic toxicity to *Mysidopsis bahia* larvae of salinity for Parsons Environment & Infrastructure Group. This study is conducted in compliance with Texas Pollution Discharge Elimination System (TPDES) permit requirements; and in accordance with Texas Water Code Chapter 5, Subchapter R, Title 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 25 and the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP), Certificate Number T104704352-20-13. All original data, laboratory notebooks, and associated documentation are archived by the STILLMEADOW, Inc. Environmental Toxicology Laboratory.

METHODS AND MATERIALS

Test Substance

Test Substance/Dilution Water

Dilution water was synthetic seawater prepared according to USEPA (2002) guidelines. Initial characterization of the dilution and control water is given in Table 1. Dilution water was salted to the appropriate salinity for each test concentration.

Table 1. Chemical characterization of dilution water

Batch/Sample # Synthetic Seawater	Date Prepared	pH (SU)	Salinity (ppt)	Ammonia (mg/L NH₃N)	Total Residual Chlorine (mg/L)
QA21082	10 Jun 21	7.9	26	0.00	0.02
QA21084	14 Jun 21	7.8	24	0.00	0.01

TEST CONDITIONS

The 7-day short-term chronic test using *Mysidopsis bahia* and subsequent data analyses were carried out according to procedures specified by USEPA (2002) guidelines and STILLMEADOW, Inc. Environmental Toxicology Laboratory's Standard Operating Procedures. Table 2 lists a summary of the test conditions.

Table 2. Summary of test conditions

Organism lot #, Organism Source	AE210173, STILLMEADOW, Inc.
Organism age	7 days
Organisms per replicate	5
Replicates per concentration	8
Volume of test solution	300 mL
Test chamber	400-mL polystyrene beaker
Test temperature	26 ± 1 °C
Test duration	7 days
Dissolved oxygen	≥ 60% saturation
Photoperiod	16 L/ 8 D
Light intensity	50 – 100 ft c
Feeding regimen	twice daily, concentrated <i>Artemia</i> nauplii

Procedures

Test solutions (solutions for test renewals) were prepared daily at the STILLMEADOW, Inc. Environmental Toxicology Laboratory. The solutions were used for the renewals the day they were prepared.

Dissolved oxygen, salinity, pH, and temperature were measured in each treatment at the beginning and end of each 24-hour exposure period. Chamber temperature was also monitored daily. Aeration was not employed and the animals were fed twice daily during the test.

Test solutions were renewed by gently pouring old solutions out of the test beakers and replacing with new test solutions. During the renewal the larvae remained in the beaker along with approximately 20% of the old test solution.

At test initiation, at each renewal, and at test termination, the total number of live mysids was recorded for each test chamber. The unpreserved mysids from each test beaker were transferred to tared weigh boats at test termination and dried at 100-105°C for a minimum of 6 hours. The dried mysids were weighed to the nearest 0.001mg for determination of growth effects

DATA ANALYSIS

All data were analyzed according to the statistical flow chart outlined in the EPA chronic testing manual (USEPA 2002). Table 3 lists the methods that were used in the analyses of the normality and homogeneity tests. A printout of statistical results is included in Appendix A.

TOXCALC™ Version 5.0 was used for all statistical evaluations. Survival and growth data were analyzed using hypothesis-testing techniques.

Table 3. Statistical methods used to analyze data for the toxicity test.

Endpoint	Comparison	Procedure
Survival	Transformation	Arc Sine (y) ^{1/2}
	Normality	Shapiro-Wilk's Test ($\alpha \leq 0.01$)
	Homogeneity of Variances	Cannot Be Confirmed
	Reduction Relative to Control	Steel's Many-One Rank Test ($\alpha = 0.05$)
Growth (Mean Dry Weight)	Transformation	No Transformation
	Normality	Shapiro-Wilk's Test ($\alpha \leq 0.01$)
	Homogeneity of Variances	Bartlett's Test ($\alpha \leq 0.01$)
	Reduction Relative to Control	Dunnett's Test ($\alpha = 0.05$)

RESULTS

Survival and growth (mean dry weight) data for test organisms are provided in Table 4. Survival and mean dry weight at each concentration were compared to survival and weight of the control to determine statistically significant effects. The results of these comparisons are given in Table 5. Salinity over the course of the test is given in Table 6.

Table 4. Survival and mean dry weight for *M. bahia* exposed to test solutions for 7 days

Treatment (ppt)	Percent Survival (by day)				Dry Weight				Significant Effect Relative to Control	
					Original # of Mysids		Surviving # of Mysids			
	1	2	7	CV (%)	Mean (mg)	CV (%)	Mean (mg)	CV (%)	Survival	Mean Dry Weight ¹
25 (Control)	98	95	95	9.75	0.42	15.22	0.44	10.03		
30	100	100	100	0.00	0.44	5.55	0.44	5.55	NS ²	NS
35	100	100	100	0.00	0.45	9.48	0.45	9.48	NS	NS
40	100	100	100	0.00	0.45	10.04	0.45	10.04	NS	NS
45	100	95	95	9.75	0.37	16.29	0.39	18.46	NS	NS

¹Growth analysis for statistically significant effects relative to the control is based on the original number of fish.

²NS = Not Statistically Significant

Table 5. Summary of Statistical Endpoints

Endpoint	Value (ppt)
Survival NOEC (No Observed Effect Concentration)	45
Growth NOEC	45

Table 6. Summary of Salinity.

Test Conc.	Salinity (parts per thousand)													
	Day 0	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5		Day 6		Day 7
	New	New	Old	New	Old	New	Old	New	Old	New	Old	New	Old	Old
25	25	24	26	25	25	24	25	24	24	25	25	26	26	26
30	30	30	31	30	31	30	30	29	29	30	31	30	31	30
35	35	35	36	35	36	35	35	34	34	35	36	35	36	36
40	40	40	41	40	41	40	40	40	41	40	41	40	41	41
45	45	45	46	45	46	46	45	44	46	45	46	45	45	46

REFERENCE TOXICANT TEST RESULTS

STILLMEADOW, Inc. conducts routine standard reference toxicant testing using *Mysidopsis bahia* obtained from STILLMEADOW, Inc. cultures. Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate (SDS) is used as the reference toxicant with synthetic seawater as the dilution water; the test method followed is USEPA method 1007.0 (USEPA, 2002). A copy of STILLMEADOW, Inc.'s most recent standard reference toxicant control chart for this species is presented in Appendix B.

STUDY DEVIATIONS

No deviations from the prescribed guidelines or standard operating procedures were identified during the study.

REFERENCES

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2002. *Short-term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Marine and Estuarine Organisms*. Third Edition, October 2002. EPA-821-R-02-014.
- Ives, Michael A. TOXCALC™ Version 5.0. 1994. TidePool Scientific Software. McKinleyville, California.

APPENDIX A

Statistical Analysis

Mysid Survival, Growth and Fecundity Test-7 Day Survival

Start Date: 6/11/2021	Test ID: 21-607-002	Sample ID: Salt
End Date: 6/18/2021	Lab ID: QA21082, 84	Sample Type:
Sample Date:	Protocol: EPA-821-R-02-014	Test Species: MY-Mysidopsis bahia
Comments:		

Conc-ppt	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Control (25 ppt)	1.0000	0.8000	0.8000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
30	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
35	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
40	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
45	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8000	0.8000	1.0000	1.0000

Conc-ppt	Mean	N-Mean	Transform: Arcsin Square Root					Rank Sum	1-Tailed Critical	Isotonic	
			Mean	Min	Max	CV%	N			Mean	N-Mean
Control (25 ppt)	0.9500	1.0000	1.2857	1.1071	1.3453	8.574	8			0.9875	1.0000
30	1.0000	1.0526	1.3453	1.3453	1.3453	0.000	8	76.00	47.00	0.9875	1.0000
35	1.0000	1.0526	1.3453	1.3453	1.3453	0.000	8	76.00	47.00	0.9875	1.0000
40	1.0000	1.0526	1.3453	1.3453	1.3453	0.000	8	76.00	47.00	0.9875	1.0000
45	0.9500	1.0000	1.2857	1.1071	1.3453	8.574	8	68.00	47.00	0.9500	0.9620

Auxiliary Tests

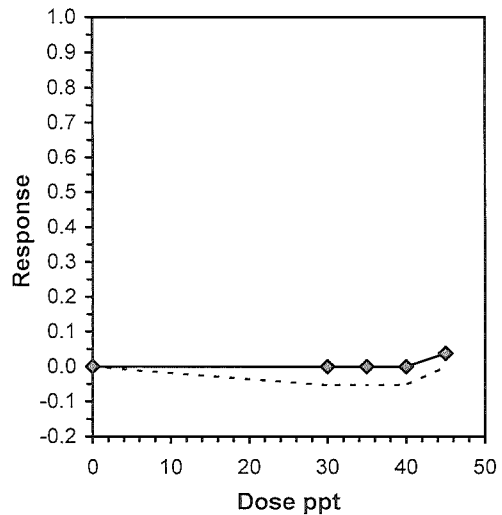
Shapiro-Wilk's Test indicates non-normal distribution (p <= 0.01)	Statistic	Critical	Skew	Kurt
Equality of variance cannot be confirmed	0.63802	0.919	-1.8977	3.38869

Hypothesis Test (1-tail, 0.05)

Steel's Many-One Rank Test	NOEC	LOEC	ChV	TU
	45	>45		

Linear Interpolation (200 Resamples)

Point	ppt	SD	95% CL	Skew
IC05	>45			
IC10	>45			
IC15	>45			
IC20	>45			
IC25	>45			
IC40	>45			
IC50	>45			



Mysid Survival, Growth and Fecundity Test-Biomass

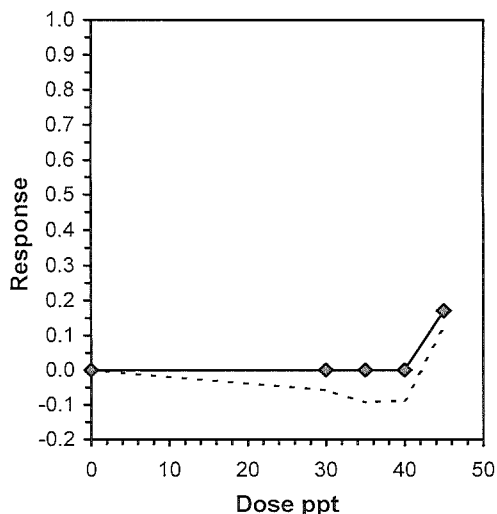
Start Date: 6/11/2021 Test ID: 21-607-002 Sample ID: Salt
 End Date: 6/18/2021 Lab ID: QA21082, 84 Sample Type:
 Sample Date: Protocol: EPA-821-R-02-014 Test Species: MY-Mysidopsis bahia
 Comments:

Conc-ppt	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Control (25 ppt)	0.5266	0.3564	0.3238	0.4144	0.4392	0.4218	0.4614	0.3826
30	0.4582	0.4662	0.4352	0.4298	0.4574	0.3922	0.4240	0.4536
35	0.4478	0.4316	0.4600	0.4502	0.5252	0.4556	0.4882	0.3756
40	0.3640	0.4326	0.5096	0.4734	0.4624	0.4526	0.4968	0.4306
45	0.3906	0.3426	0.3802	0.3600	0.3974	0.3190	0.4682	0.2670

Conc-ppt	Transform: Untransformed							t-Stat	1-Tailed Critical	MSD	Isotonic	
	Mean	N-Mean	Mean	Min	Max	CV%	N				Mean	N-Mean
Control (25 ppt)	0.4158	1.0000	0.4158	0.3238	0.5266	15.221	8				0.4406	1.0000
30	0.4396	1.0572	0.4396	0.3922	0.4662	5.554	8	-0.969	2.239	0.0550	0.4406	1.0000
35	0.4543	1.0926	0.4543	0.3756	0.5252	9.479	8	-1.567	2.239	0.0550	0.4406	1.0000
40	0.4528	1.0889	0.4528	0.3640	0.5096	10.040	8	-1.505	2.239	0.0550	0.4406	1.0000
45	0.3656	0.8794	0.3656	0.2670	0.4682	16.289	8	2.042	2.239	0.0550	0.3656	0.8298

Auxiliary Tests	Statistic	Critical	Skew	Kurt						
Shapiro-Wilk's Test indicates normal distribution (p > 0.01)	0.9658	0.919	-0.0314	0.58143						
Bartlett's Test indicates equal variances (p = 0.19)	6.13519	13.2767								
Hypothesis Test (1-tail, 0.05)	NOEC	LOEC	ChV	TU	MSDu	MSDp	MSB	MSE	F-Prob	df
Dunnett's Test	45	>45			0.05499	0.13226	0.0109	0.00241	0.00479	4, 35

Linear Interpolation (200 Resamples)					
Point	ppt	SD	95% CL	Skew	
IC05	41.469	0.771	39.510	42.436	-2.1035
IC10	42.939				
IC15	44.408				
IC20	>45				
IC25	>45				
IC40	>45				
IC50	>45				

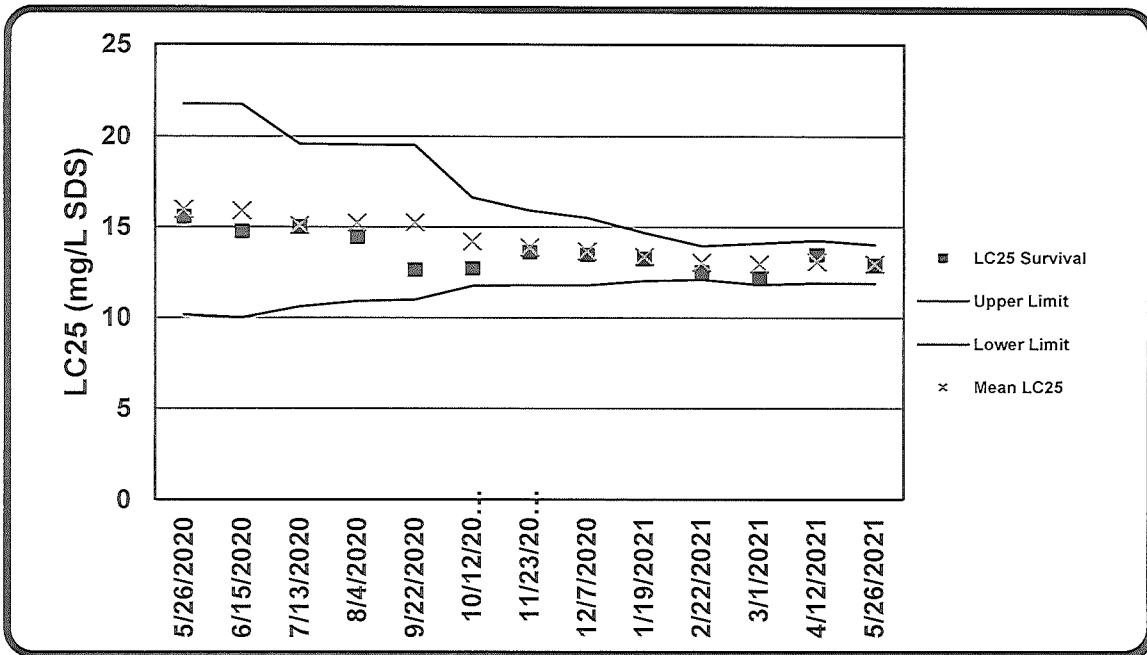


APPENDIX B

Standard Reference Toxicant Control Charts

Mysidopsis bahia Short-Term Chronic Standard Reference Toxicant Control Charts

LC25 (mg/L SDS) Survival



IC25 (mg/L SDS) Growth

